A GENETIC, LIPIDOMIC & BIOPHYSICAL APPROACH TO IMPROVING BREADMAKING **QUALITY IN WHEAT**



Byoung Min¹, Irene Gonzalez-Thuillier¹, Simon Griffiths² Richard Haslam¹, Pete Wilde³, Peter Shewry¹

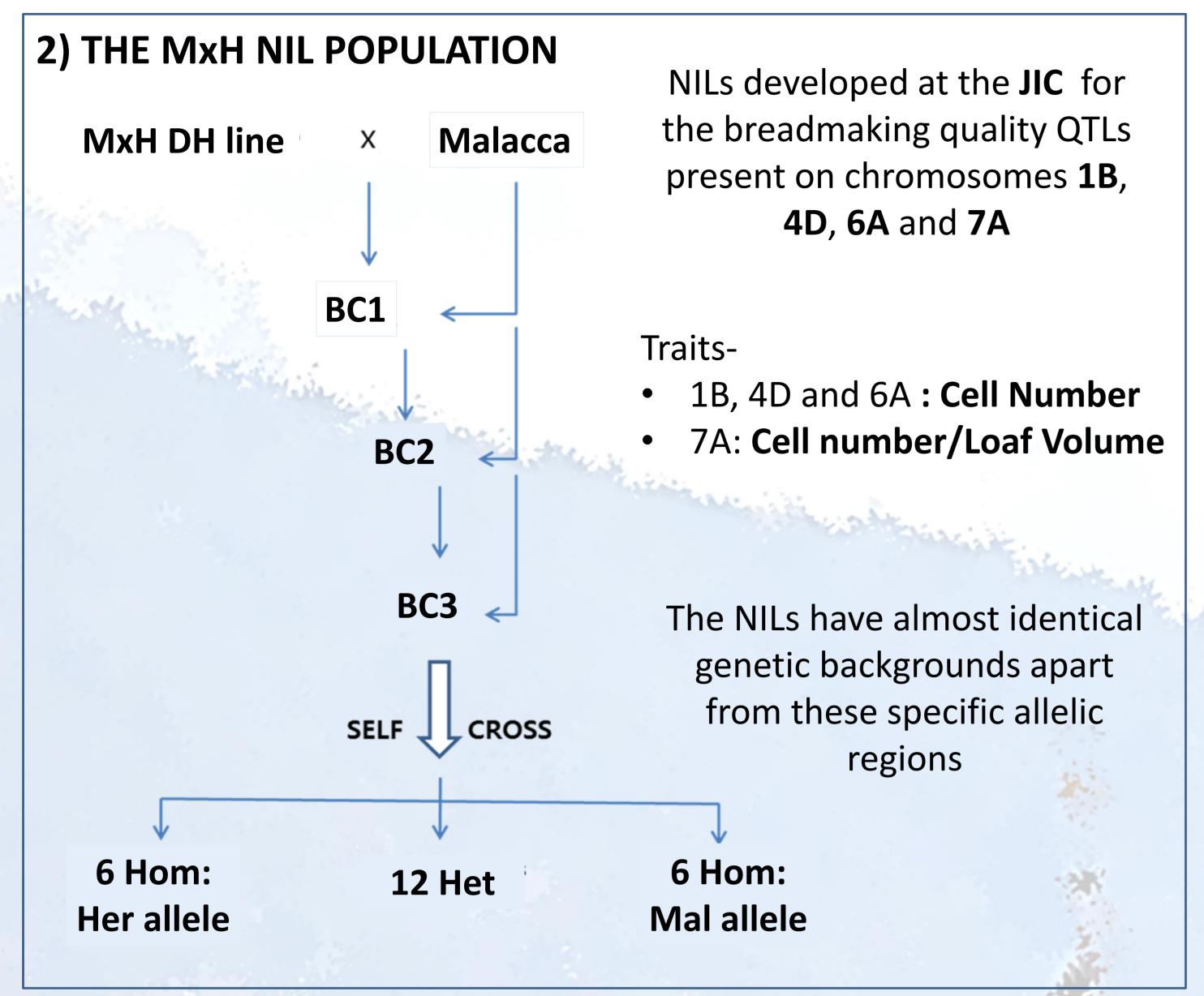


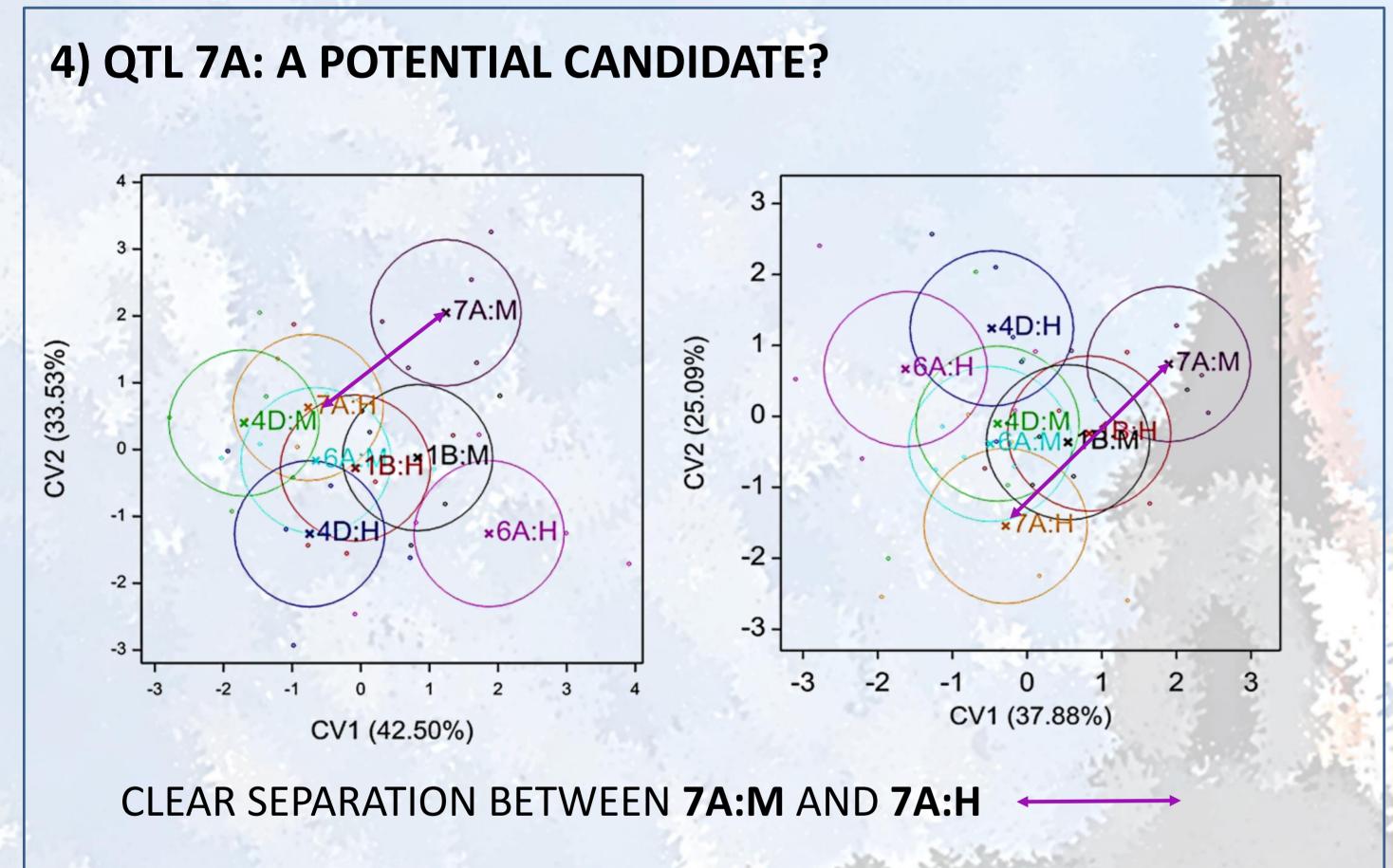
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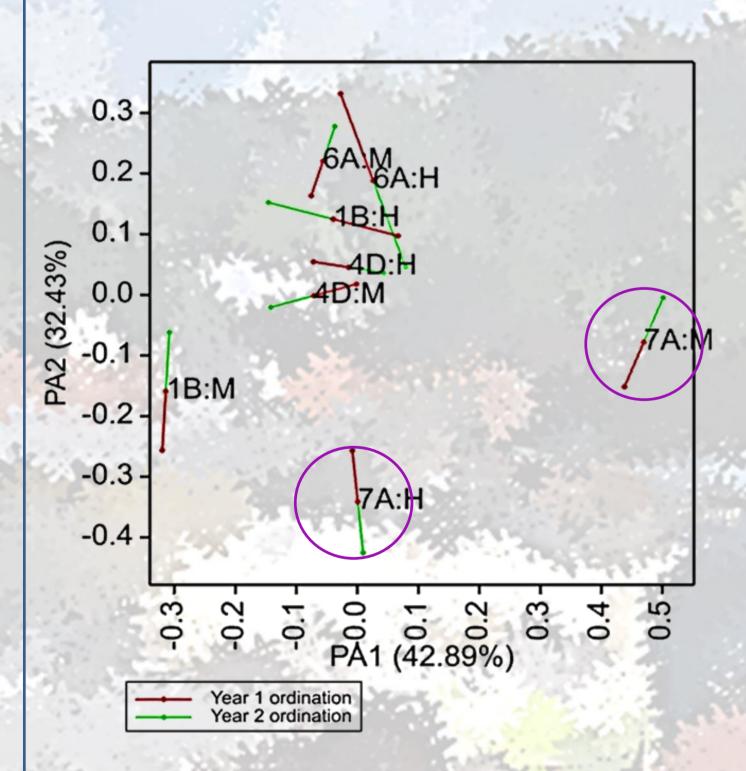
1) WHY LIPIDS?

Lipids have been shown to be crucial to BREADMAKING QUALITY

- Lipids play an important role on GAS CELL STABILITY
- Gas cell stability is critical in providing an even CRUMB STRUCTURE and good LOAF VOLUME
- Polar lipids especially GALACTOLIPIDS improve LOAF VOLUME



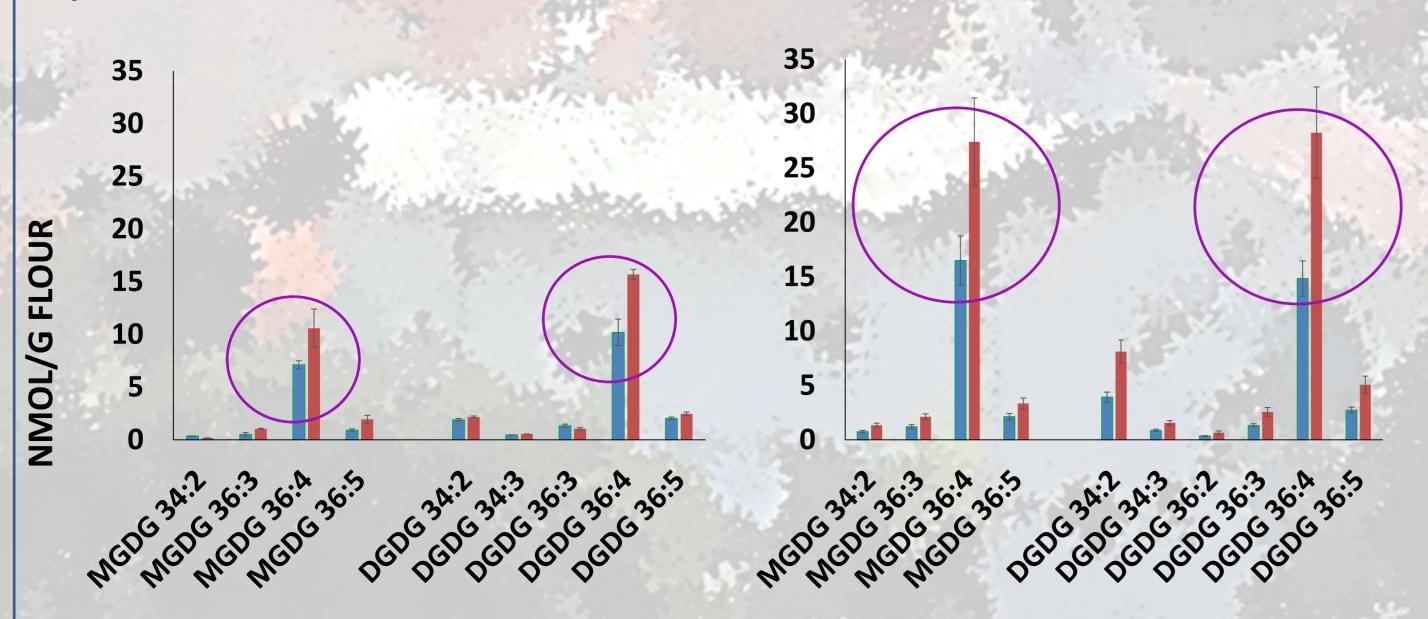




Procrustes Analysis shows significant separation of QTL 7A and its alleles 7A:H and 7A:M compared to the other NILs

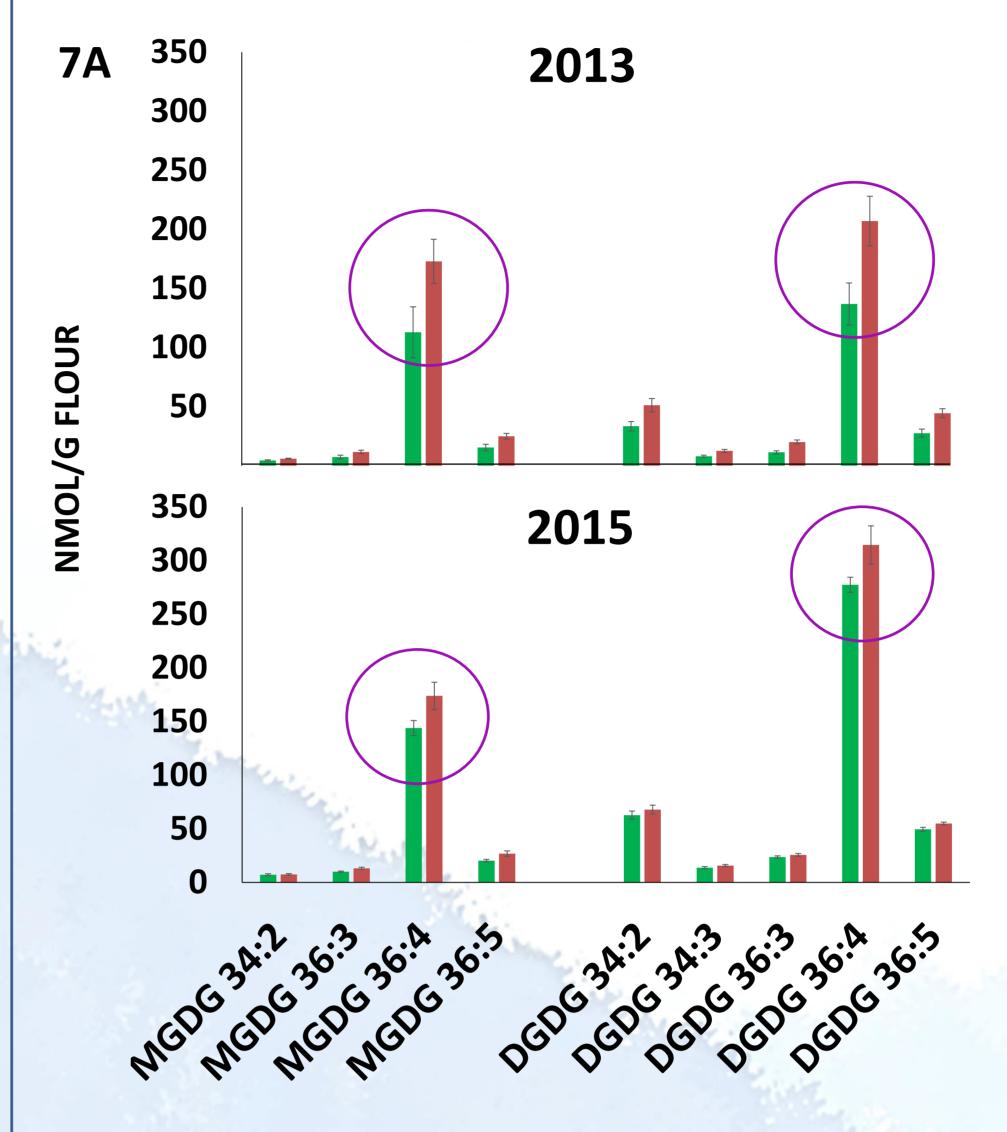
Line length indicates the stability of the 7A:M and 7A:H lipid profile

6) SAME LIPID DIFFERENCES IN DOUGH LIQUOR?: YES

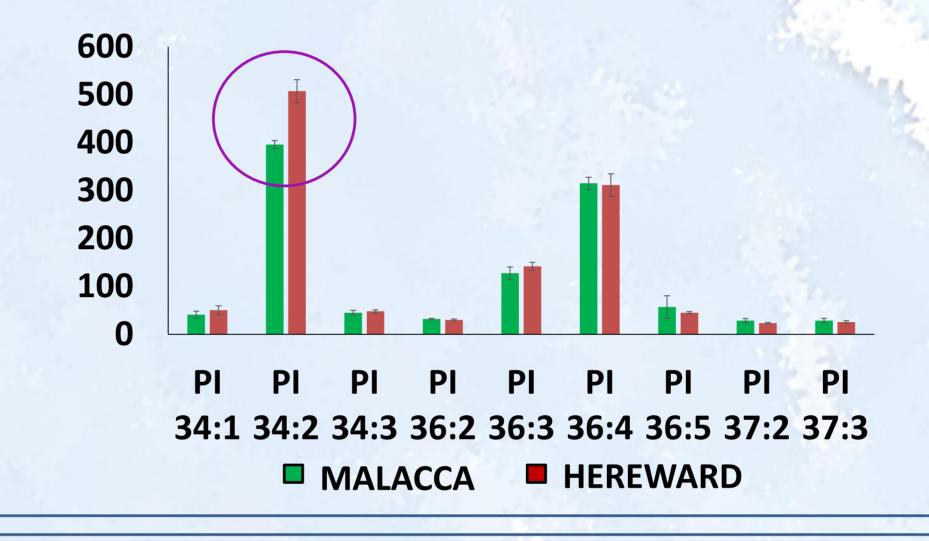


MS Analysis of diluted dough liquor also shows similar lipid differences

3) ALLELES EXERTING LIPID DIFFERENCES?

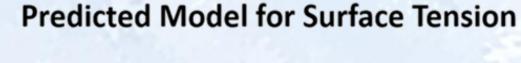


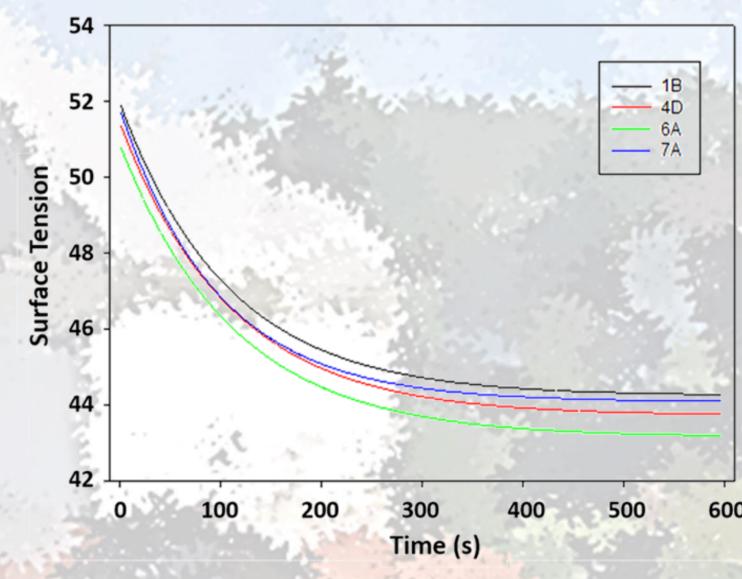
- Significant lipid differences could be seen between the NILs for QTL 7A
- Galactolipids in particular showed consistent differences over the two years
- Indicate significant difference (p<0.05, F-test)

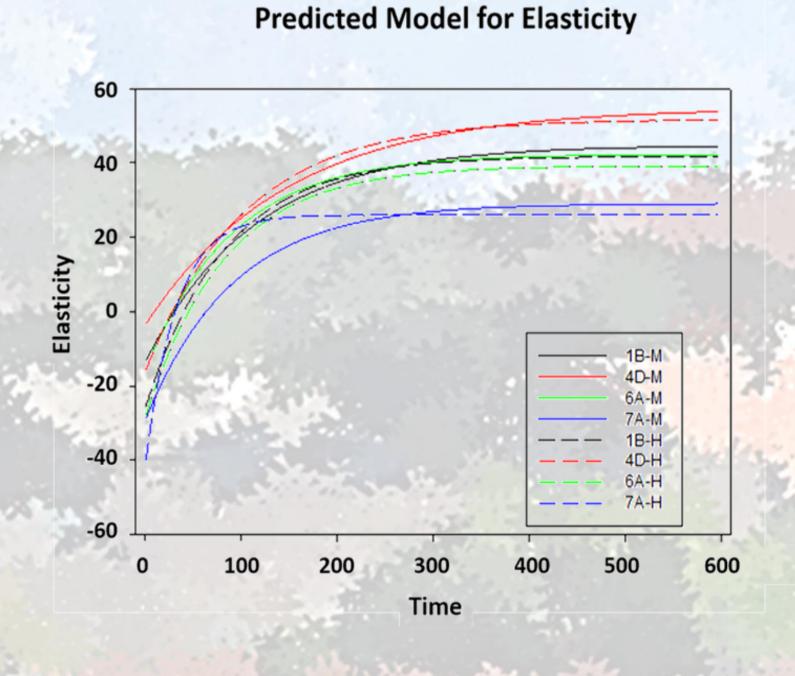


Some significant differences were also identified for phospholipids such as phsophatidylinostidol (PI)

5) DOES IT SHOW FUNCTIONAL DIFFERENCES?: YES







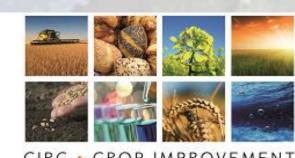
- To identify whether these lipid differences provide functional differences, biophysical analysis was pursued at IFR using a diluted dough liquor system
- Surface tension provided NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES between the NILs
- 7A:M and 7A:H showed SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES in their elasticity modulus
- Indicates that there are different concentrations of components present between the 7A:M and 7A:H NILs, rather than any difference in the actual components

7) CONCLUSION

- Genotype & Environment affect the lipid composition of the wheat grain
- Cultivar exerted greater effects on polar lipids
- Nitrogen condition exerted greater effects on neutral lipids
- The allelic regions on QTL 7A may be an interesting candidate to further investigate breadmaking quality

1 Rothamsted Research, 2 John Innes Centre, 3 Institute of Food Research





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